



STAKEHOLDER TRAINING & INFORMATION SESSION 03 February 2023 Southern Sun: Tshwane – Arcadia

Presentation by Dombolo Masilela Rental Housing Tribunal





FUNCTIONS OF THE RENTAL HOUSING TRIBUNAL

- To Receive, Investigate and Resolve disputes between landlords & tenants;
- To Mediate, Adjudicate and Settle disputes between landlords & tenants;
- To ensure stability & harmony in the Rental Housing Sector; and
- To give advice and provide education to landlords & tenants about their rights & obligations.





POWERS OF THE RENTAL HOUSING TRIBUNAL

The RHT operates under the auspices of the Rental Housing Act (No.50 of 1999) and the Regulations thereof.

- The RHT is vested with rights and obligations to:
- (i) Receive the complaints
- (ii) Conduct the Mediation
- (iii) If mediation fails, refer the matter to arbitration
- (iv) Ruling is made. A ruling of the Tribunal is deemed to be an order of the Magistrate Court
- (v) The only power not granted is the power to evict.





UNFAIR PRACTICES IN RENTAL HOUSING

Any person who contravenes any provision of the RHA & its Regulations commits an Unfair Practice. A complaint about unfair practice may be lodged by the tenant/landlord of a property (eg. A house, a room, a shack or a flat) for the following reasons:

- Non-payment of rent;
- Non refund of a deposit;
- Disconnection of services (electricity/water) without a court order;
- Eviction from the property without a court order;
- Damages to the property;
- Insufficient maintenance & repairs of a property





UNFAIR PRACTICES IN RENTAL HOUSING

- Discrimination by landlord or tenant on grounds of gender, race, sexual orientation etc.;
- Unacceptable living conditions i.e overcrowding;
- Non-compliance with the RHA and its Regulations.





THANK YOU!